## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## **FORM 10-Q**

Ø	QUARTERLY REP	ORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SI For the quarterly period ended							
	TRANSITION REA	OR PORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE S	ECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934						
		For the transition period fro	m to						
		Commission file number	0-15451						
		PHOTRONICS							
		PHOTRONIC (Exact name of registrant as speci	-						
		Connecticut	06-0854886						
	(State or other jur	isdiction of incorporation or organization)	(IRS Employer Identification	No.)					
		Road, Brookfield, Connecticut ss of principal executive offices)	<b>06804</b> (Zip Code)						
	Registrant's to	elephone number, including area code	(203) 775-9000						
durir requi		nether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be file conths (or for such shorter periods that the registrant was requ 0 days.							
be su regis	ıbmitted and posted pı	nether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted cursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chap submit and post such files).							
emer	ging growth company	nether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated so the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated inge Act. (Check one):							
Larg	e Accelerated Filer	×	Accelerated Filer						
	-Accelerated Filer	$\square$ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller Reporting Company Emerging growth company						
		npany, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected no g standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchar		nplying with any new or					
	cate by check mark wh □ No ⊠	nether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12	b-2 of the Exchange Act).						
The 1	registrant had 69,934,3	196 shares of common stock outstanding as of May 31, 2018							

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a "safe harbor" for forward-looking statements made by or on behalf of Photronics, Inc. ("Photronics", the "Company", "we", "our", or "us"). These statements are based on management's beliefs, as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to, management. Forward-looking statements may be identified by words like "expect," "anticipate," "believe," "plan," "project," "could," "should," "estimate," "intend," "may," "will" and similar expressions, or the negative of such terms, or other comparable terminology. All forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that are difficult to predict. In particular, any statement contained in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, or in other documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in press releases or in the Company's communications and discussions with investors and analysts in the normal course of business through meetings, phone calls, or conference calls regarding, among other things, the consummation and benefits of transactions, joint ventures, business combinations, divestitures and acquisitions, expectations with respect to future sales, financial performance, operating efficiencies, or product expansion, are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and contingencies, many of which are beyond the control of the Company. Various factors may cause actual results, performance, or achievements to differ materially from anticipated results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by forward-looking statements. Factors that might affect forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, overall economic and business conditions; economic and political conditions in international markets; the demand for the Company's products; competitive factors in the industries and geographic markets in which the Company competes; the timing of orders received from customers; the gain or loss of significant customers; competition from other manufacturers; changes in accounting standards; federal, state and international tax requirements (including tax rate changes, new tax laws and revised tax law interpretations); changes in the jurisdictional mix of our earnings and changes in tax laws and rates; interest rate and other capital market conditions, including changes in the market price of the Company's securities; foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations; changes in technology; technology or intellectual property infringement, including cyber-security breaches, and other innovation risks; unsuccessful or unproductive research and development or capital expenditures; the timing, impact, and other uncertainties related to transactions and acquisitions, divestitures, business combinations, and joint ventures as well as decisions the Company may make in the future regarding the Company's business, capital and organizational structures and other matters; the seasonal and cyclical nature of the semiconductor and flat panel display industries; management changes; changes in laws and government regulation impacting our operations or our products; the occurrence of regulatory or legal violations, proceedings, claims or litigation; customer complaints or disputes; damage or destruction to the Company's facilities, or the facilities of its customers or suppliers, by natural disasters, labor strikes, political unrest, or terrorist activity: the ability of the Company to (i) place new equipment in service on a timely basis; (ii) obtain additional financing; (iii) achieve anticipated synergies and cost savings; (iv) fully utilize its tools; (v) achieve desired yields, pricing, product mix, and market acceptance of its products and, (vi) obtain necessary export licenses. Any forward-looking statements should be considered in light of these factors. Accordingly, there is no assurance that the Company's expectations will be realized. The Company does not assume responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of any forward-looking statements and does not assume an obligation to provide revisions to such forward-looking statements, except as otherwise required by securities and other applicable

## PHOTRONICS, INC.

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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## PHOTRONICS, INC. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

(unaudited)	_	April 29, 2018	0	october 29, 2017
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	321,246	\$	308,021
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$2,449 in 2018 and \$2,319 in 2017		124,331		105,320
Inventories		31,936		23,703
Prepaid expenses		7,542		3,162
Other current assets	_	15,244		8,918
Total current assets		500,299		449,124
Property, plant and equipment, net		563,313		535,197
Intangible assets, net		14,708		17,122
Deferred income taxes		19,925		15,481
Other assets		4,036		3,870
Total assets	\$	1,102,281	\$	1,020,794
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Current portion of long-term borrowings	\$	59,263	\$	4,639
Accounts payable		64,944	Ψ	50,834
Accrued liabilities		42,301		26,303
Total current liabilities		166,508		81,776
Long-term borrowings		-		57,337
Other liabilities		17,707		16,386
Total liabilities		184,215		155,499
Commitments and contingencies				
Equity:				
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 2,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding		-		-
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 150,000 shares authorized, 69,443 shares issued and outstanding at April 29, 2018				
and 68,666 shares issued and outstanding at October 29, 2017		694		687
Additional paid-in capital		552,977		547,596
Retained earnings		205,953		189,390
Accumulated other comprehensive income		23,756	_	6,891
Total Photronics, Inc. shareholders' equity		783,380		744,564
Noncontrolling interests		134,686		120,731
Total equity		918,066		865,295
Total liabilities and equity	\$	1,102,281	\$	1,020,794
See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.				

## PHOTRONICS, INC.

# Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (in thousands, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

		Three Months Ended					Six Months E				
		April 29, 2018		April 30, 2017		April 29, 2018		April 30, 2017			
Revenue	\$	130,779	\$	108,297	\$	254,225	A  5 \$  1	218,128			
Cost of goods sold		(97,960)		(88,140)		(193,744)		(174,973)			
Gross profit		32,819		20,157		60,481		43,155			
Operating expenses:											
Selling, general and administrative		(13,637)		(10,894)		(25,387)		(21,764)			
Research and development		(3,817)		(3,726)		(7,921)		(7,212)			
Total operating expenses		(17,454)		(14,620)		(33,308)		(28,976)			
Operating income		15,365		5,537		27,173		14,179			
Other income (expense): Interest income and other income (expense), net		3,883		(3,073)		351		(4,596)			
Interest expense		(551)		(549)		(1,125)		(1,108)			
Income before income taxes		18,697		1,915		26,399		8,475			
Income tax provision		(3,508)		(431)		(1,729)		(2,481)			
Net income		15,189		1,484		24,670		5,994			
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		(4,524)		313		(8,107)		(2,250)			
Net income attributable to Photronics, Inc. shareholders	\$	10,665	\$	1,797	\$	16,563	\$	3,744			
Earnings per share:											
Basic	\$	0.15	\$	0.03	\$	0.24	\$	0.05			
Diluted	\$	0.15	\$	0.03	\$	0.23	\$	0.05			
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding:											
Basic	_	69,293		68,426	_	69,024	_	68,301			
Diluted		75,190		69,385	_	75,052		69,277			

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

# PHOTRONICS, INC. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended					Six Mont	ths Ended		
	A	pril 29, 2018	A	pril 30, 2017	A	April 29, 2018	A	April 30, 2017	
Net income	\$	15,189	\$	1,484	\$	24,670	\$	5,994	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax of \$0:									
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(11,098)		18,382		18,989		17,769	
Amortization of cash flow hedge		16		32		48		64	
Other		54		(74)		22		(94)	
Net other comprehensive income (loss)		(11,028)		18,340		19,059		17,739	
Comprehensive income		4,161		19,824		43,729		23,733	
Less: comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests		1,841		4,326		10,301		8,147	
Comprehensive income attributable to Photronics, Inc. shareholders	\$	2,320	\$	15,498	\$	33,428	\$	15,586	

 $See\ accompanying\ notes\ to\ condensed\ consolidated\ financial\ statements.$ 

## PHOTRONICS, INC.

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands) (unaudited)

		Six Months Ended  April 29, April 30, 2018 2017					
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Net income	\$	24,670	\$	5,994			
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		44,429		42,242			
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable		(16,976)		4,204			
Inventories		(7,765)		(1,506)			
Other current assets		(9,666)		2,103			
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and other	_	3,216		(6,130)			
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	37,908		46,907			
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(44,129)		(14,152)			
Acquisition of business		-		(5,400)			
Proceeds from sale of investment		-		167			
Other		436		(462)			
Net cash used in investing activities		(43,693)		(19,847)			
Cash flows from financing activities:							
Repayments of long-term borrowings		(2,771)		(2,695)			
Contribution from noncontrolling interest		11,998		-			
Proceeds from share-based arrangements		3,776		2,311			
Other		(267)		(23)			
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		12,736		(407)			
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		6,274		4,997			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		13,225		31,650			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		308,021		314,074			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	321,246	\$	345,724			
Supplemental disclosure information:							
Accrual for property, plant and equipment purchased during the period	\$	10,317	\$	11,409			
Subsidiary dividend payable	\$	8,196	\$	8,383			

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### PHOTRONICS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Three Months and Six Months Ended April 29, 2018 and April 30, 2017 (unaudited)

(in thousands, except share amounts and per share data)

#### NOTE 1 - BASIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Photronics, Inc. ("Photronics", "the Company", "we", "our", or "us") is one of the world's leading manufacturers of photomasks, which are high precision photographic quartz or glass plates containing microscopic images of electronic circuits. Photomasks are a key element in the manufacture of semiconductors and flat panel displays ("FPDs"), and are used as masters to transfer circuit patterns onto semiconductor wafers and flat panel display substrates during the fabrication of integrated circuits ("ICs" or "semiconductors") and a variety of FPDs and, to a lesser extent, other types of electrical and optical components. We currently operate principally from nine manufacturing facilities, two of which are located in Europe, three in Taiwan, one in Korea, and three in the United States. We have commenced construction of two manufacturing facilities in China and anticipate production to begin at these facilities during the first half of 2019.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information, and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, adjustments, all of which are of a normal recurring nature, considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Our business is typically impacted during the first, and sometimes the second, quarter of our fiscal year by the North American, European, and Asian holiday periods, as some customers reduce their development and buying activities during those periods. Operating results for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending October 28, 2018. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 29, 2017.

#### **NOTE 2 - CHANGES IN EQUITY**

The following tables set forth our consolidated changes in equity for the three and six month periods ended April 29, 2018 and April 30, 2017:

					Three Mont	ths 1	Ended April 2	9, 20	)18					
					Photronics, I	nc. S	Shareholders							
	Commo	n Sto	ock	1	Additional Paid-in		Datained		Other	cc	Non- ontrolling		Total	
	Shares		Amount		Capital	Retained Comprehensive					Interests		Equity	
Balance at January 29, 2018	68,869	\$	689	\$	549,328	\$	195,288	\$	32,128	\$	141,014	\$	918,447	
Net income	-		-		-		10,665		-		4,524		15,189	
Other comprehensive loss	-		-		-		-		(8,372)		(2,656)		(11,028)	
Sale of common stock through employee stock option and purchase plans	548		5		2,892				_		_		2,897	
Restricted stock awards vesting	540		3		2,032		_		_		_		2,037	
and expense	26		-		457		-		-		-		457	
Share-based compensation expense	-		_		300		-		_		-		300	
Subsidiary dividend payable			_		-				_		(8,196)		(8,196)	
Balance at April 29, 2018	69,443	\$	694	\$	552,977	\$	205,953	\$	23,756	\$	134,686	\$	918,066	

Three Months Ended April 30, 2017

-					THICE MONE	110 1	maca riprii o	0, =01			
	•		Photr	onics,	Inc. Shareho	olde	rs	•			<u> </u>
	Commo	n Sto	ck	A	dditional		cumulated Other	Non-			
	Shares	Α	amount		Paid-in Capital		Retained Earnings		nprehensive come (Loss)	ntrolling nterests	 Total Equity
Balance at January 30, 2017	68,333	\$	683	\$	543,116	\$	178,207	\$	(9,530)	\$ 118,932	\$ 831,408
Net income (loss)	-		-		-		1,797		-	(313)	1,484
Other comprehensive income	-		-		-		-		13,701	4,639	18,340
Sale of common stock through employee stock option and purchase plans	148		2		982		<u>-</u>		_	_	984
Restricted stock awards vesting and expense	15		-		431		-		-	-	431
Share-based compensation expense	-		_		490		_		-	-	490
Subsidiary dividend payable	-		-		-		-		-	(8,383)	(8,383)
Balance at April 30, 2017	68,496	\$	685	\$	545,019	\$	180,004	\$	4,171	\$ 114,875	\$ 844,754
					Six Month	ıs E	nded April 29	9, 201	8		

Six Mo	nths F	nded	Anril	29.	2018

					DIX IVIOITU	13 11	naca / spi n 25	, 201	<u> </u>			
		]	Photronics, In	ıc. S	hareholders							
	Commo	n St	ock	,	\ dditional			A	ccumulated Other		Non-	
	Shares		Amount	F	Additional Paid-in Capital	_	Retained Earnings	Co	other mprehensive Income	controlling Interests		 Total Equity
Balance at October 30, 2017	68,666	\$	687	\$	547,596	\$	189,390	\$	6,891	\$	120,731	\$ 865,295
Net income	_		-		_		16,563		-		8,107	24,670
Other comprehensive income	-		-		-		-		16,865		2,194	19,059
Sale of common stock through employee stock option and	664		_		2.502							2.500
purchase plans	664		7		3,592		-		-		-	3,599
Restricted stock awards vesting and expense	113		-		843		-		-		-	843
Share-based compensation expense	-		_		798		-		-		-	798
Contribution from noncontrolling interest	-		_		148		_		_		11,850	11,998
Subsidiary dividend payable	-		-		-		-		-		(8,196)	(8,196)
Balance at April 29, 2018	69,443	\$	694	\$	552,977	\$	205,953	\$	23,756	\$	134,686	\$ 918,066

Six Months Ended April 30, 2017

							Shareholders		.•			
	Commo		ock Amount		Additional Paid-in Capital		Retained Earnings	Co	ccumulated Other mprehensive come (Loss)	Non- ontrolling Interests		Total Equity
	Silares	_	Amount	_	Capitai	_	Larmings		come (Loss)	 interests	_	Equity
Balance at October 31, 2016	68,080	\$	681	\$	541,093	\$	176,260	\$	(7,671)	\$ 115,111	\$	825,474
Net income	-		-		-		3,744		-	2,250		5,994
Other comprehensive income	-		-		-		-		11,842	5,897		17,739
Sale of common stock through employee stock option and												
purchase plans	323		3		2,068		-		-	-		2,071
Restricted stock awards vesting and expense	93		1		728		-		-	_		729
Share-based compensation expense	-		_		1,130		_		-	_		1,130
Subsidiary dividend payable	-		-		-		-		-	(8,383)		(8,383)
Balance at April 30, 2017	68,496	\$	685	\$	545,019	\$	180,004	\$	4,171	\$ 114,875	\$	844,754

## **NOTE 3 - INVENTORIES**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, determined under the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method, or net realizable value. Presented below are the components of inventory at the balance sheet dates:

	 April 29, 2018	_	October 29, 2017
Finished goods	\$ 2,011	\$	664
Work in process	4,901		2,957
Raw materials	25,024		20,082
	\$ 31,936	\$	23,703

## NOTE 4 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment consists of the following:

	 April 29, 2018	October 29, 2017
Land	\$ 11,697	\$ 9,959
Buildings and improvements	127,148	125,290
Machinery and equipment	1,609,456	1,547,870
Leasehold improvements	20,415	20,050
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	13,816	12,989
Construction in progress	83,554	72,045
	1,866,086	1,788,203
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(1,302,773)	(1,253,006)
	\$ 563,313	\$ 535,197

Equipment under capital leases is included in the property, plant and equipment amount, above, as follows:

	pril 29, 2018	_	October 29, 2017
Machinery and equipment Accumulated amortization	\$ 34,917 (19,328)	\$	34,917 (13,843)
	\$ 15,589	\$	21,074

Depreciation and amortization expense for property, plant and equipment was \$20.8 million and \$42.0 million for the three and six month periods ended April 29, 2018, respectively, and \$20.1 million and \$39.8 million for the three and six month periods ended April 30, 2017, respectively.

During the three month period ended January 29, 2017, we entered into noncash transactions with a customer for the acquisition of equipment, under which we acquired equipment with fair value of \$6.7 million in the six month period ended April 29, 2018, and \$2.8 million and \$5.0 million in the three and six month periods ended April 30, 2017, respectively. We did not acquire any equipment under this agreement during the three month period ended April 29, 2018.

#### **NOTE 5 - PDMCX JOINT VENTURE**

In January 2018, Photronics, through its wholly-owned Singapore subsidiary (hereinafter, within this Note "we", or "Photronics"), and Dai Nippon Printing Co., Ltd., through its wholly owned subsidiary "DNP Asia Pacific PTE, Ltd." (hereinafter, within this Note "DNP") entered into a joint venture under which DNP obtained a 49.99% interest in our recently established IC business in Xiamen, China, which includes the facility currently under construction. The joint venture, known as "Photronics DNP Mask Corporation Xiamen" (hereinafter, "PDMCX"), was established to develop and manufacture photomasks for leading edge and advanced generation semiconductors. We entered into this joint venture to enable us to compete more effectively for the merchant photomask business in China and to benefit from the additional resources and investment that DNP will provide to enable us to offer advanced process technology to our customers. No gain or loss was recorded upon the formation of the joint venture.

As of April 29, 2018, Photronics and DNP have each contributed cash of approximately \$12 million to the joint venture. We estimate that, over the next several years and per the PDMCX joint venture operating agreement ("the Agreement"), DNP and Photronics will each contribute an additional \$43 million of cash and additional amounts to be obtained through local borrowings.

Under the Agreement, DNP is afforded, under certain circumstances, the right to put its interest in PDMCX to Photronics. These circumstances include disputes regarding the strategic direction of PDMCX that arise after the initial two year term of the Agreement and cannot be resolved between the two parties. In addition, both Photronics and DNP have the option to purchase, or put, their interest from, or to, the other party, should their ownership interest fall below 20% for a period of more than six consecutive months. Under all such circumstances, the sales of ownership interests would be at the exiting party's ownership percentage of the joint venture's net book value, with closing to take place within three business days of obtaining required approvals and clearance.

We recorded net losses from the operations of the PDMCX joint venture of approximately \$0.2 million, and \$0.7 million in the three and six month periods ended April 29, 2018. General creditors of PDMCX do not have recourse to the assets of Photronics, Inc., and the maximum exposure to loss for Photronics from PDMCX at April 29, 2018, was \$11.4 million.

As required by the guidance in Topic 810 - "Consolidation" of the Accounting Codification Standards, we evaluated our involvement in PDMCX for the purpose of determining whether we should consolidate its results in our financial statements. The initial step of our evaluation was to determine whether PDMCX was a variable interest entity ("VIE"). Due to its lack of sufficient equity at risk to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support, we determined that it is a VIE. Having made this determination, we then assessed whether we were the primary beneficiary of the VIE, and concluded that we were the primary beneficiary during the current reporting period; thus, as required, the PDMCX financial results should be consolidated with Photronics, Inc. Our conclusion was based on the fact that we held a controlling financial interest in PDMCX, which resulted from our having the power to direct the activities that most significantly impacted its economic performance, the obligation to absorb losses, and the right to receive benefits that could potentially be significant to PDMCX. Our conclusion that we had the power to direct the activities that most significantly affected the economic performance of PDMCX during the current period was based on our right to appoint the majority of its board of directors, which has, among others, the powers to manage the business (through its rights to appoint and evaluate PDMCX's management), incur indebtedness, enter into agreements and commitments, and acquire and dispose of PDMCX's assets. In addition, as a result of the 50.01% variable interest we held during the current period, we had the obligation to absorb losses and the right to receive benefits that could potentially be significant to PDMCX.

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The carrying amounts of PDMCX assets and liabilities included in our condensed consolidated balance sheet as of April 29, 2018, are presented in the following table, together with the maximum exposure to loss of Photronics due to its interests in the net assets of this joint venture.

Classification	Carry	ying Amount	Photronics Interest
Current assets	\$	11,226	5,614
Non-current assets		15,635	7,819
Total assets		26,861	13,433
Current liabilities		4,000	2,000
Non-current liabilities		16	8
Total liabilities		4,016	2,008
Net assets	\$	22,845	11,425

#### **NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM BORROWINGS**

Long-term borrowings consist of the following:

		pril 29, 2018		ctober 29, 2017
3.25% convertible senior notes due in April 2019	\$	57,395	\$	57,337
2.77% capital lease obligation payable through July 2018		1,868	4,639	
		59,263		61,976
Current portion		(59,263)		(4,639)
	Φ.		Φ.	== 00=
	\$		\$	57,337

In January 2015, we privately exchanged \$57.5 million in aggregate principal amount of our 3.25% convertible senior notes with a maturity date of April 1, 2016, for new 3.25% convertible senior notes with an aggregate principal amount of \$57.5 million with a maturity date of April 1, 2019. The conversion rate of the new notes is the same as that of the exchanged notes, which were issued in March 2011 with a conversion rate of approximately 96 shares of common stock per \$1,000 note principal, equivalent to a conversion price of \$10.37 per share of common stock, subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain events described in the indenture dated January 22, 2015. Note holders may convert each \$1,000 principal amount of notes at any time prior to the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding April 1, 2019, and we are not required to redeem the notes prior to their maturity date. Interest on the notes accrues in arrears and is paid semiannually through the notes' maturity date.

Our credit facility, which expires in December 2018, has a \$50 million limit with an expansion capacity to \$75 million, and is secured by substantially all of our assets located in the United States and common stock we own in certain of our foreign subsidiaries. The credit facility stipulates that we may not pay cash dividends on Photronics, Inc. stock, and contains the following financial covenants: minimum interest coverage ratio, total leverage ratio and minimum unrestricted cash balance, all of which we were in compliance with at April 29, 2018. We had no outstanding borrowings against the credit facility at April 29, 2018, and \$50 million was available for borrowing. The interest rate on the credit facility (3.62% at April 29, 2018) is based on our total leverage ratio at LIBOR plus a spread, as defined in the credit facility. In April 2018, our credit facility was amended to change the definition of "specified capital expenditures", which is used to calculate the interest coverage ratio.

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In August 2013, we entered into a \$26.4 million principal amount, five year capital lease to fund the purchase of a high-end lithography tool. Payments under the capital lease, which bears interest at 2.77%, are \$0.5 million per month through July 2018. The lease is subject to a cross default with cross acceleration provision related to certain nonfinancial covenants incorporated into our credit facility. As of April 29, 2018, the total amount payable through August 2018 (the end of the lease term) was \$1.9 million, substantially all of which represented principal.

#### **NOTE 7 - SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION**

In March 2016, shareholders approved a new equity incentive compensation plan (the "Plan"), under which incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options, stock grants, stock-based awards, restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights, performance units, performance stock, and other stock or cash awards may be granted. Shares to be issued under the Plan may be authorized and unissued shares, issued shares that have been reacquired by us (in the open-market or in private transactions), shares that are being held in the treasury, or a combination thereof. The maximum number of shares of common stock approved that may be issued under the Plan is four million shares. Awards may be granted to officers, employees, directors, consultants, advisors, and independent contractors of Photronics. In the event of a change in control (as defined in the Plan), the vesting of awards may be accelerated. Total share-based compensation costs for the three and six month periods ended April 29, 2018, were \$0.8 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, and \$0.9 million and \$1.9 million for the three and six month periods ended April 30, 2017, respectively. The Company received cash from option exercises of \$2.9 million and \$3.6 million for the three and six month periods ended April 29, 2018, respectively, and \$1.0 million and \$2.1 million for the three and six month periods ended April 30, 2017, respectively. No share-based compensation cost was capitalized as part of an asset and no related income tax benefits were recorded during the periods presented.

#### **Stock Options**

Option awards generally vest in one-to-four years, and have a ten-year contractual term. All incentive and non-qualified stock option grants have an exercise price no less than the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. The grant date fair values of options are based on closing prices of our common stock on the dates of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of our common stock. We use historical option exercise behavior and employee termination data to estimate expected term, which represents the period of time that options are expected to remain outstanding. The risk-free rate of return for the estimated term of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the date of grant.

There were no share options granted during the three month period ended April 29, 2018, and 10,000 share options granted during the three month period ended April 30, 2017, with a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$3.35 per share. There were 252,000 share options granted during the six month period ended April 29, 2018, with a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$2.74 per share, and 348,750 share options granted during the six month period ended April 30, 2017, with a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$3.59 per share. As of April 29, 2018, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested option awards was approximately \$2.1 million. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average amortization period of 2.1 years.

The weighted-average inputs and risk-free rate of return ranges used to calculate the grant date fair value of options issued during the three and six month periods ended April 29, 2018 and April 30, 2017, are presented in the following table.

	Three Mont	hs Ended	Six Months	Ended
	April 29, 2018	April 30, 2017	April 29, 2018	April 30, 2017
Volatility	N/A	31.6%	31.6%	32.2%
Risk free rate of return	N/A	2.0%	2.2%	1.9-2.0%
Dividend yield	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Expected term	N/A	5.0 years	5.0 years	5.0 years
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Information on outstanding and exercisable option awards as of April 29, 2018, is presented below.

Options	Shares	Av Ex	ighted erage ercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Int	gregate rinsic 'alue
Outstanding at April 29, 2018	2,613,640	\$	8.47	6.2 years	\$	2,054
		_		,		·
Exercisable at April 29, 2018	1,744,975	\$	7.62	5.0 years	\$	2,054

#### Restricted Stock

We periodically grant restricted stock awards, the restrictions on which typically lapse over a service period of one-to-four years. The fair value of the awards is determined on the date of grant, based on the closing price of our common stock. There were 10,000 restricted stock awards granted during the three month period ended April 29, 2018, with a grant date fair value of \$8.40 and 290,000 restricted stock awards granted during the six month period ended April 29, 2018, with a weighted-average fair value of \$8.62 per share. There were 25,000 restricted stock awards granted during the three month period ended April 30, 2017, with a grant date fair value of \$10.75, and 285,000 restricted stock awards granted during the six month period ended April 30, 2017, with a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$11.30 per share. As of April 29, 2018, the total compensation cost not yet recognized related to unvested restricted stock awards was approximately \$3.7 million. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average amortization period of 2.8 years. As of April 29, 2018, there were 472,673 shares of restricted stock outstanding.

#### **NOTE 8 - INCOME TAXES**

The effective tax rate of 18.8% and 6.5% for the three and six month periods ended April 29, 2018, respectively, differ from the post U.S. Tax Reform blended statutory rate of 23.4%, primarily due to the benefit from U.S. Tax Reform (as discussed below), earnings being taxed at lower statutory rates in foreign jurisdictions, the benefit of various investment credits in a foreign jurisdiction, and a tax holiday in Taiwan.

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Act"), was signed into law, enacting significant changes to the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that we expect to have a positive impact on our future after-tax earnings. Under ASC Topic 740 – "Income Taxes" ("ASC 740"), the effects of the new legislation are recognized in the interim and annual accounting periods that include the enactment date, which falls within our six month period ended April 29, 2018. In December 2017, the Securities and Exchange Commission released Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118 ("SAB 118") to address situations in which the accounting under ASC 740 is incomplete for certain income tax effects of the Act. We adopted SAB 118 in our first quarter of fiscal year 2018.

SAB 118 summarizes a three-step process to be applied at each reporting period to account for and qualitatively disclose: (1) the effects of the change in tax law for which accounting is complete; (2) provisional amounts (or adjustments to provisional amounts) for the effects of the tax law where accounting is not complete, but that a reasonable estimate has been determined; and (3) a reasonable estimate cannot yet be made and, therefore, taxes are reflected in accordance with law prior to the enactment of the Act.

We continue to analyze the provisions of the Act addressing the net deferred tax asset revaluation and its calculations, the deemed earnings repatriation, including the determination of undistributed non-U.S. earnings, and evaluate potential actions we may consider in light of the Act that could affect our fiscal year 2018 U.S. taxable income. As such, our accounting for certain elements within the Act is preliminary, and subject to further clarification of the Act by the Internal Revenue Service. The following is a discussion of the major provisions of the Act that affect our financial statements, and our preliminary assessment of the impact of such provisions on our financial statements.

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- The Act repeals the corporate alternative minimum tax ("AMT") for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017, and provides that existing AMT credit carryforwards are fully refundable over a four year period, starting with the tax year beginning after December 31, 2017. We have approximately \$3.9 million of AMT credit carryforwards that we previously determined were not more likely than not going to be realized and, as such, established a valuation allowance for these carryforwards. The Act has changed our determination regarding the realization of the benefit of the carryforwards; accordingly, the related valuation allowance has been reversed, and the \$3.9 million tax benefit, excluding any impact of potential future sequestration reductions, was recorded in our tax provision for the period ended January 28, 2018.
- · As of January 1, 2018, the Act reduces the corporate income tax rate from a maximum 35% to a flat 21%. Our fiscal year 2018 blended statutory tax rate is approximately 23.4%, the weighted daily average rate between the pre-enactment U.S. federal statutory tax rate of 35% applicable to our 2018 fiscal year prior to the rate change effective January 1, 2018, and the post-enactment U.S. federal statutory tax rate of 21% applicable to the balance of our 2018 fiscal year. The 21% rate will be applicable to fiscal year 2019 and beyond. Under generally accepted accounting principles, we are required to revalue our deferred tax assets and liabilities utilizing the rate applicable to the period when a temporary difference will reverse. Our preliminary analysis of the two stepped revaluation indicates that our net deferred tax asset will be increased by \$2.5 million, with an offsetting change in the related valuation allowance resulting in a provisional net zero impact for the period.
- The Act imposes a transition tax for a one-time deemed repatriation of the accumulated earnings of foreign subsidiaries. The transition tax effective rates are 15.5% on accumulated earnings held in cash (as defined by the Act), and 8% on any remaining balance. Our preliminary analysis indicates an estimated deemed repatriation transition tax of \$28.4 million, the entire amount of which will be fully offset by tax credits and/or available loss carryforwards resulting in a provisional net zero impact in the period, due in part to an offsetting change in the related valuation allowance. We anticipate that future earnings of foreign subsidiaries will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax. No change has been, or is, anticipated to be made with respect to the year-end fiscal year 2017 indefinite reinvestment assertion of foreign subsidiary earnings.
- · Our preliminary analysis of other provisions of the Act including, but not limited to, 100 percent bonus depreciation and changes to the limitations on the deductibility of meals and entertainment expenses, indicates that, under our current tax profile, there should be limited or no provisional impact on our current period financial statements.
- Based on the effective date of certain provisions, we will be subject to additional requirements of tax reform beginning in fiscal year 2019. Those provisions include a tax on global intangible low-taxed income (GILTI), a tax determined by base erosion tax benefits (BEAT) from certain payments between a U.S. corporation and foreign subsidiaries, a limitation of certain executive compensation, a deduction for foreign derived intangible income (FDII), and interest expense limitations. We have not completed our analysis of those provisions and the estimated impact.

On January 18, 2018, the Taiwan Legislature Yuan approved amendments to the Income Tax Act, enacting an increase in the corporate tax rate from 17% to 20%. Under generally accepted accounting principles, we are required to revalue our deferred tax assets and liabilities utilizing the rate applicable to the period when a temporary difference will reverse. Our analysis indicates that our Taiwan deferred tax asset will be increased and, accordingly, a net benefit of \$0.2 million was reflected in our January 28, 2018, tax provision.

The 22.5% and 29.3% effective tax rates for the respective three and six month periods ended April 30, 2017, differ from the U.S. statutory rate of 35%, primarily due to earnings being taxed at lower statutory rates in foreign jurisdictions, combined with the benefit of various investment credits in a foreign jurisdiction. Valuation allowances in jurisdictions with historic losses eliminate the tax benefit that would be recognized in these jurisdictions. We have two five-year tax holidays in Taiwan, one that expired in 2017 and the other that expires in 2019. The latter tax holiday reduced foreign taxes by \$0.7 million and \$0.8 million in the three and six month periods ended April 29, 2018, respectively, and had a \$0.01 effect on earnings per share in each period. For the three and six month periods ended April 30, 2017, the company realized benefits from the tax holidays of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, with de minimis per share effects for these periods.

There were unrecognized tax benefits related to uncertain tax positions of \$4.0 million at April 29, 2018, and \$3.4 million at October 29, 2017, all of which, if recognized, would favorably impact the Company's effective tax rate. Accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits were \$0.1 million at April 29, 2018 and October 29, 2017. Although the timing of the expirations of statutes of limitations may be uncertain, as they can be dependent upon the settlement of tax audits, we believe that it is reasonably possible that up to \$1.4 million of our uncertain tax positions (including accrued interest and penalties, and net of tax benefits) may be resolved over the next twelve months. Resolution of these uncertain tax positions may result from either or both the lapses of statutes of limitations and tax settlements.

#### **NOTE 9 - EARNINGS PER SHARE**

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share is presented below.

		Three Mor	ths Ei	ıded	Six Months Ended			
		pril 29, 2018	A	pril 30, 2017		April 29 2018		April 30 2017
Net income attributable to Photronics, Inc. shareholders	\$	10,665	\$	1,797	\$	16,563	\$	3,744
Effect of dilutive securities:								
Interest expense on convertible notes, net of tax		496		-		992		-
Earnings used for diluted earnings per share	\$	11,161	\$	1,797	\$	17,555	\$	3,744
Weighted-average common shares computations:								
Weighted-average common shares used for basic earnings per share		69,293		68,426		69,024		68,301
Effect of dilutive securities:								
Convertible notes		5,542		-		5,542		-
Share-based payment awards		355		959		486		976
Potentially dilutive common shares		5,897		959		6,028	_	976
Weighted-average common shares used for diluted earnings per share		75,190		69,385	_	75,052	_	69,277
	_		_					
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.15	\$	0.03	\$	0.24	\$	0.05
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.15	\$	0.03	\$	0.23	\$	0.05

The table below shows the outstanding weighted-average share-based payment awards that were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because their exercise prices exceeded the average market value of the common shares for the period or, under application of the treasury stock method, they were otherwise determined to be anti-dilutive. The table also shows convertible notes that, if converted, would have been anti-dilutive.

	Three Mont	hs Ended	Six Months Ended			
	April 29, 2018	April 30, 2017	April 29, 2018	April 30, 2017		
Share-based payment awards	2,022	1,082	1,803	1,038		
Convertible notes	-	5,542	-	5,542		
Total potentially dilutive shares excluded	2,022	6,624	1,803	6,580		

## NOTE 10 - CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY COMPONENT

The following tables set forth the changes in our accumulated other comprehensive income by component (net of tax of \$0) for the three and six month periods ended April 29, 2018 and April 30, 2017.

	Three Months Ended April 29, 2018											
	Tr	gn Currency anslation justments	of	rtization Cash v Hedge	Other		Other		Other			Total
Balance at January 29, 2018	\$	32,848	\$	(16)	\$	(704)	\$	32,128				
Other comprehensive income (loss) before Reclassifications		(11,098)		-		54		(11,044)				
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income		-		16		-		16				
Net current period other comprehensive (loss) income		(11,098)		16		54		(11,028)				
Less: other comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		2,683		-		(27)		2,656				
Balance at April 29, 2018	\$	24,433	\$		\$	(677)	\$	23,756				
					ed April 30, 2017							
	Tr	gn Currency anslation justments	of	rtization Cash v Hedge		Other		Total				
Balance at January 30, 2017	\$	(8,448)	\$	(145)	\$	(937)	\$	(9,530)				
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	•	18,382	•	-	•	(74)		18,308				
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income		<u>-</u>		32				32				
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)		18,382		32		(74)		18,340				
Less: other comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		(4,676)		-		37		(4,639)				
Balance at April 30, 2017	\$	5,258	\$	(113)	\$	(974)	\$	4,171				
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		S	ix Months	Ended	April	29, 2018		
	Tra	n Currency inslation ustments	of Cas	Amortization of Cash Flow Hedge Other				Total
Balance at October 30, 2017	\$	7,627	\$	(48)	\$	(688)	\$	6,891
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		18,989		_		22		19,011
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income		-		48		-		48
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)		18,989		48		22		19,059
Less: other comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(2,183)		-		(11)		(2,194)
Balance at April 29, 2018	\$	24,433	\$		\$	(677)	\$	23,756
		S	ix Months	Ended	April	30, 2017		
	Tra	n Currency inslation ustments	Amortiza of Cas Flow He	h	(	Other		Total
Balance at October 31, 2016	\$	(6,567)	\$	(177)	\$	(927)	\$	(7,671)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		17,769		-		(94)		17,675
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income		-		64		-		64
		48.863		0.4		(0.1)	_	4 8 800
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)		17,769		64		(94)		17,739
Less: other comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		(5,944)		-		47		(5,897)

The amortization of the cash flow hedge is included in cost of sales in the condensed consolidated statements of income for all periods presented.

5,258

(113)

(974)

4,171

#### **NOTE 11 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

Balance at April 30, 2017

The accounting framework for determining fair value includes a hierarchy for ranking the quality and reliability of the information used to measure fair value, which enables the reader of the financial statements to assess the inputs used to develop those measurements. The fair value hierarchy consists of three tiers as follows: Level 1, defined as quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical securities; Level 2, defined as inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

We did not have any assets or liabilities measured at fair value, on a recurring or a nonrecurring basis, at April 29, 2018 or October 29, 2017.

Fair Value of Other Financial Instruments

The fair values of our cash and cash equivalents (Level 1 measurements), accounts receivable, accounts payable, and certain other current assets and current liabilities (Level 2 measurements) approximate their carrying value due to their short-term maturities. The fair value of our convertible senior notes is a Level 2 measurement, as it is determined using inputs that were either observable market data, or could be derived from or corroborated with observable market data. These inputs included our stock price and interest rates offered on debt issued by entities with credit ratings similar to ours.

The table below presents the fair and carrying values of our convertible senior notes at April 29, 2018 and October 29, 2017.

		April 2	29, 2018	B		October 29, 2017			
	Fair	r Value	Carry	ying Value	Fa	air Value	ie Carrying Va		
3.25% convertible senior notes due 2019	\$	62,549	\$	57,395	\$	67,396	\$	57,337	

#### **NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

As of April 29, 2018, we had commitments outstanding for capital expenditures of approximately \$176 million, nearly all of which relates to our China facilities under construction.

We are subject to various claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. We believe that such claims, individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material effect on the condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### NOTE 13 - RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In December 2017, the Securities and Exchange Commission released Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118 ("SAB 118") to address situations where the accounting under ASC Topic 740 – "Income Taxes" is incomplete for certain income tax effects of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, which was signed into law on December 22, 2017, and changed existing U.S. tax law. We adopted this guidance in our first quarter of fiscal year 2018. Please see Note 8 for a discussion of the effects of adopting this guidance.

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-18 "Restricted Cash", which requires that a statement of cash flows explain the change during the period in the total of cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents. Therefore, amounts generally described as restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents should be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of-period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-18 is effective for Photronics, Inc. in its first quarter of fiscal year 2019 and should be applied on a retrospective transition basis. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. We are currently evaluating the effect that this ASU will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-16 "Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory", which eliminates the exception of recognizing, at the time of transfer, current and deferred income taxes for intra-entity asset transfers other than inventory. ASU 2016-16 is effective for Photronics in the first quarter of fiscal year 2019 and should be applied on a modified retrospective transition basis. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual reporting period for which interim or annual financial statements have not been issued or made available for issuance. We are currently evaluating the effect this ASU will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13 "Measurement of Credit Losses", the main objective of which is to provide more useful information about expected credit losses on financial instruments and other commitments of an entity to extend credit. In support of this objective, the ASU replaces the incurred loss impairment methodology, found in current GAAP, with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. This ASU requires a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the beginning of the first reporting period in which the guidance is adopted. ASU 2016-13 is effective for Photronics, Inc. in its first quarter of fiscal year 2021, with early adoption permitted beginning in the first quarter of fiscal year 2019. We are currently evaluating the effect that this ASU will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016 – 09 "Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting", which simplifies the accounting for share-based payment transactions including their income tax consequences, classification as either equity or liability awards, classification on the statement of cash flows, and other areas. The method of adoption varies with the different aspects of the Update. Adoption of this guidance in the first quarter of our fiscal year 2018 did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

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In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02 "Leases (Topic 842)", which requires lessees to recognize right-of-use assets and corresponding liabilities for all leases with an initial term in excess of twelve months. ASU 2016-02 is to be adopted using a modified retrospective approach, which includes a number of practical expedients, that requires leases to be measured and recognized under the new guidance at the beginning of the earliest period presented. The ASU is effective for Photronics, Inc. in the first quarter of fiscal year 2020, with early application permitted. We are currently evaluating the effect that this ASU will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers", which will supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The core principle of this ASU is that revenue should be recognized for the amount of consideration expected to be received for promised goods or services transferred to customers. This ASU also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments, and assets recognized for costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14 which defers the effective date of ASU 2014-09 by one year and allows entities to early adopt, but no earlier than the original effective date. ASU 2014-09 will now be effective for Photronics, Inc. in the first quarter of our fiscal year 2019. This update allows for either full retrospective or modified retrospective adoption. In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-10 "Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing" which amends guidance previously issued on these matters in ASU 2014-09. The effective date and transition requirements of ASU 2016-10 are the same as those for ASU 2014-09.

We anticipate that the adoption of this ASU will result in the accelerated recognition of certain revenue streams as, upon adoption of this Update, some amounts in our work-in process inventory will be considered to represent promised goods transferred to our customers, requiring us to recognize consideration for those transferred goods in amounts we expect to be entitled to receive in exchange for them. However, we cannot currently quantify with reasonable certainty the effect this anticipated acceleration of revenue will have on our consolidated financial statements. We expect to adopt this guidance using the modified retrospective approach.

#### Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### Overview

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the Company's financial condition, results of operations and outlook should be read in conjunction with its condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes. Various segments of this MD&A contain forward-looking statements, all of which are presented based on current expectations, which may be adversely affected by uncertainties and risk factors (presented throughout this filing and in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal 2017 year), that may cause actual results to materially differ from these expectations.

We sell substantially all of our photomasks to semiconductor and Flat Panel Display ("FPD") designers and manufacturers. Photomask technology is also being applied to the fabrication of other higher performance electronic products such as photonics, micro-electronic mechanical systems and certain nanotechnology applications. Our selling cycle is tightly interwoven with the development and release of new semiconductor and FPD designs and applications, particularly as they relate to the microelectronic industry's migration to more advanced product innovation, design methodologies and fabrication processes. We believe that the demand for photomasks primarily depends on design activity rather than sales volumes from products manufactured using photomask technologies. Consequently, an increase in semiconductor or FPD sales does not necessarily result in a corresponding increase in photomask sales. However, the reduced use of customized Integrated Circuits ("ICs"), reductions in design complexity, other changes in the technology or methods of manufacturing or designing semiconductors, or a slowdown in the introduction of new semiconductor or FPD designs could reduce demand for photomasks – even if the demand for semiconductors and FPDs increases. Advances in semiconductor, FPD and photomask design and semiconductor and FPD production methods that shift the burden of achieving device performance away from lithography could also reduce the demand for photomasks. Historically, the microelectronic industry has been volatile, experiencing periodic downturns and slowdowns in design activity. These downturns have been characterized by, among other things, diminished product demand, excess production capacity and accelerated erosion of selling prices.

We are typically required to fulfill customer orders within a short period of time, sometimes within 24 hours. This results in a minimal level of backlog orders, typically one to two weeks of backlog for IC photomasks and two to three weeks of backlog for FPD photomasks.

The global semiconductor and FPD industries are driven by end markets which have been closely tied to consumer-driven applications of high performance devices, including, but not limited to, mobile display devices, mobile communications, and computing solutions. While we cannot predict the timing of the industry's transition to volume production of next-generation technology nodes, or the timing of up and down cycles with precise accuracy, we believe that such transitions and cycles will continue into the future, beneficially and adversely affecting our business, financial condition and operating results as they occur. We believe our ability to remain successful in these environments is dependent upon the achievement of our goals of being a service and technology leader and efficient solutions supplier, which we believe should also enable us to continually reinvest in our global infrastructure.

In the first quarter of fiscal 2018, we announced the successful closing of the China joint venture agreement with Dai Nippon Printing Co., Ltd. ("DNP"), which we had agreed to enter into and announced in the third quarter of fiscal 2017. Under the agreement, our wholly-owned Singapore subsidiary owns 50.01% of the joint venture, which is named Photronics DNP Mask Corporation Xiamen (PDMCX), and a subsidiary of DNP owns the remaining 49.99%. The financial results of the joint venture are included in the Photronics, Inc. consolidated financial statements. See Note 5 of the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information on the joint venture.

In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2017, we announced that Photronics UK, Ltd., our wholly owned subsidiary, signed an investment agreement with the Hefei State Hi-tech Industry Development Zone to establish a manufacturing facility in Hefei, China. Under the terms of the agreement, through our subsidiary, we will invest a minimum of \$160 million, a portion of which may be funded with local borrowings, to build and operate a research and development and manufacturing facility for high-end and mainstream FPD photomasks. The Hefei State Hi-tech Industry Development Zone will provide certain investment incentives and support for this facility, which will have initial capability to produce up to G10.5+ large area masks and AMOLED products. Construction began in late 2017 and production is anticipated to commence during the first half of 2019.

In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2016, Photronics Singapore Pte, Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary, signed an investment agreement with the Administrative Committee of Xiamen Torch Hi-Tech Industrial Development Zone (Xiamen Torch) to establish an IC manufacturing facility in Xiamen, China. Under the terms of the agreement, we will build and operate an IC facility to engage in research and development, manufacture and sale of photomasks, in return for which Xiamen Torch will provide certain investment incentives and support. This expansion is also substantially supported by customer commitments for its output. As discussed above, in the first quarter of fiscal 2018, we entered into a joint venture agreement with DNP, under which they obtained a 49.99% ownership interest in this facility. The total investment, per the agreement, is \$160 million to be funded over the next several years with cash and local borrowings. Construction began in 2017 and production is anticipated to start during the first half of 2019.

#### Material Changes in Results of Operations Three and Six Months ended April 29, 2018 and April 30, 2017

The following table presents selected operating information expressed as a percentage of revenue.

	Th	ree Months Ended		Six Months	onths Ended		
April 29, 2018		January 28, 2018	April 30, 2017	April 29, 2018	April 30, 2017		
Revenue	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Cost of goods sold	(74.9)	(77.6)	(81.4)	(76.2)	(80.2)		
Gross profit	25.1	22.4	18.6	23.8	19.8		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(10.4)	(9.5)	(10.1)	(10.0)	(10.0)		
Research and development expenses	(2.9)	(3.3)	(3.4)	(3.1)	(3.3)		
Operating income	11.8	9.6	5.1	10.7	6.5		
Other income (expense), net	2.5	(3.4)	(3.3)	(0.3)	(2.6)		
Income before income taxes	14.3	6.2	1.8	10.4	3.9		
Income tax (provision) benefit	(2.7)	1.5	(0.4)	(0.7)	(1.2)		
Net income	11.6	7.7	1.4	9.7	2.7		
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(3.4)	(2.9)	0.3	(3.2)	(1.0)		
Net income attributable to Photronics, Inc. shareholders	8.2%	4.8%	1.7%	6.5%	1.7%		

Note: All of the following tabular comparisons, unless otherwise indicated, are for the three months ended April 29, 2018 (Q2 FY18), January 28, 2018 (Q1 FY18) and April 30, 2017 (Q2 FY17) and for the six months ended April 29, 2018 (YTD FY18) and April 30, 2017 (YTD FY17), in millions of dollars.

#### Revenue

The following tables present revenue changes by product type and technology level:

	Q2 FY18 compared with Q1 FY18				FY18	Q2 FY18 compared with Q2 FY17				YTD FY18 compared with YTD FY17				
IC		enue in FY18	Percent Change		ncrease ecrease)	Percent Change	_	Increase (Decrease)		venue in FD FY18	Percent Change	Increase (Decrease)		
High-end	\$	41.5	24.2%	\$	8.1	82.7%	\$	18.8	\$	74.8	66.8%	\$	30.0	
Mainstream		60.8	(2.4)%		(1.5)	1.4%	_	0.8		123.1	(0.9)%	_	(1.1)	
Total IC	\$	102.3	6.9%	\$	6.6	23.7%	\$	19.6	\$	197.9	17.1%	\$	28.9	
FPD														
High-end	\$	18.2	(2.9)%	\$	(0.6)	8.8%	\$	1.5	\$	37.0	8.9%	\$	3.0	
Mainstream		10.3	14.5%	_	1.3	15.7%	_	1.4		19.3	27.8%		4.2	
Total FPD	\$	28.5	2.7%	\$	0.7	11.2%	\$	2.9	\$	56.3	14.7%	\$	7.2	
Total Revenue	\$	130.8	5.9%	\$	7.3	20.8%	\$	22.5	\$	254.2	16.5%	\$	36.1	

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In Q1 FY18, we changed the threshold for the definition of high-end IC, from 45 nanometer or smaller to 28 nanometer or smaller, to reflect the overall advancement of technology in the semiconductor industry. All comparisons to prior period results in this MD&A reflect this modification. Our definition of high-end FPD products remains as G8 and above and active matrix organic light-emitting diode (AMOLED) display screens. High-end photomasks typically have higher ASPs than mainstream products.

Our quarterly revenues can be affected by the seasonal purchasing tendencies of our customers. As a result, demand for our products is typically negatively impacted during the first, and sometimes the second, quarters of our fiscal year by the North American, European, and Asian holiday periods, as some of our customers reduce their development and, consequently, their buying activities during those periods.

The following tables compare revenue in Q2 FY18 with revenue in Q1 FY18 and Q2 FY17, and revenue YTD FY18 with YTD FY17 by geographic area:

	<b>Q2 FY18 with Q1 FY18</b>					Q2 FY18 wit	18 with Q2 FY17 YTD FY18 with Y				Y18 with YTD	(TD FY17	
		enue in 2 FY18	Percent Change			Percent Change	Increase (Decrease)		Revenue in YTD FY18		Percent Change	Increase (Decrease)	
Taiwan	\$	56.1	(0.9)%	\$	(0.5)	32.8%	\$	13.8	\$	112.6	26.9%	\$	23.9
Korea		36.1	9.4%		3.1	16.7%		5.2		69.1	12.9%		7.9
United States		29.2	16.7%		4.2	12.5%		3.3		54.2	9.4%		4.6
Europe		8.7	3.1%		0.2	0.4%		-		17.2	(1.2)%		(0.2)
Other		0.7	82.7%		0.3	36.5%		0.2		1.1	(10.3)%		(0.1)
	\$	130.8	5.9%	\$	7.3	20.8%	\$	22.5	\$	254.2	16.5%	\$	36.1

Revenue increased 5.9% in Q2 FY18 compared with Q1 FY18, as a result of high-end IC and mainstream FPD growth. That revenue increased 24.2% from Q1 FY18, due to growth in both logic and memory from the healthy foundry demand across Asia. IC mainstream, decreased 2.4%, as demand was slightly softer. FPD revenue increased 2.7% from Q1 FY18 due to increased demand from masks used in LTPS LCD displays, partially offset by a decrease in high-end FPD due to softness in AMOLED demand.

Revenue increased 20.8% in Q2 FY18 compared with Q2 FY17, primarily as a result of high-end IC growth. That revenue increased 82.7% from Q2 FY18, due to growth in both logic and memory from the healthy foundry demand across Asia. IC mainstream increased 1.4%, as demand was slightly stronger. FPD revenue increased 11.2% from Q2 FY17 due to better demand across our products and markets.

Revenue increased 16.5% in YTD Q2 2018 when compared with YTD Q2 2017, primarily as a result of high-end IC growth. That revenue increased 66.8% from YTD 2017, due to growth in both logic and memory from the healthy foundry demand across Asia. IC mainstream decreased 0.9%, as demand was slightly softer. FPD revenue increased 14.7% due to better demand across our products and markets.

We believe there is potential for the favorable demand trend we experienced in the first half of fiscal 2018 to continue through the third quarter, as we expect growth to continue across most of our high-end markets, although annual preventive maintenance on high-end lithography tools scheduled for the third quarter may somewhat constrain revenue growth. We also expect to benefit in the second half of the year from the installation and ramp of a high-end FPD mask writer in Korea. Our two China facilities are expected to begin production in the first half of 2019, and we anticipate that our sales and revenue will increase when they come online.

#### **Gross Profit**

	Three Months Ended								Six Months Ended					
	Q2 I	F <b>Y18</b>	Q	1 FY18	Percent Change	Ç	)2 FY17	Percent Change	Y	ГD FY18	Y	TD FY17	Percent Change	
Gross profit	\$	32.8	\$	27.7	18.6%	\$	20.2	62.8%	\$	60.5%	\$	43.2	40.1%	
Gross margin		25.1%		22.4%			18.6%			23.8%		19.8%		

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The increases in gross profit and gross margin from Q1 FY18 were driven by increased unit sales, which were up for both high-end and mainstream IC and FPD categories. A modest (2.3%) increase in cost of goods sold was primarily the result of increased labor costs.

Increases in high-end unit sales of both product categories were primarily responsible for the increase in gross profit and gross margin from Q2 FY17. Material and labor costs increased from the prior year's quarter, primarily as a result of the increased in units sold and increased compensation costs.

Increased high-end IC and FPD unit sales were the main contributors to the improvement in gross profit and gross margin from YTD FY17, while ASPs of mainstream products – primarily FPDs – were also favorable. Costs, as a percent of revenue, were flat or decreased in all categories. As we operate in a high fixed cost environment, increases or decreases in our revenues and utilization will generally positively or negatively impact our gross margin.

#### Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by \$1.9 million, or 16.1%, to \$13.6 million in Q2 FY18, from \$11.8 million in Q1 FY18, primarily due to increased compensation and selling expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased in Q2 FY18 by \$2.7 million, or 25.2%, to \$13.7 million, from \$10.9 million in Q2 FY17, primarily as a result of increased compensation, professional services, and freight expenses. On a year-to-date basis, selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$3.6 million, or 16.6%, to \$25.4 million from \$21.8 million, primarily due to increases in professional fees, freight, compensation, and travel expenses, most of which increased as a result of activities related to our expansion into China.

#### Research and Development

In the U.S., research and development expenses consist of development efforts related to high-end process technologies for 28nm and smaller IC nodes, while in Asia, in addition to the focus on high-end IC technology nodes, G8 and above FPDs and AMOLED applications are also under development.

Research and development expense decreased \$0.3 million, or 7.0%, from Q1 FY18, as decreased expenditures, and related activities in the U.S. were somewhat offset by increased spending in Asia. Research and development expense was up moderately (\$0.1 million, or 2.4%) from Q2 FY17, with increased spending in Asia (primarily Korea) exceeding decreased expenditures and related activities in the U.S. On a YTD basis, research and development expense increased \$0.7 million, or 9.8%, as spending and related activities increased in both the U.S. and Asia.

#### Other Income (Expense), net

		Th	ıree	Months Ende	Six Months Ended					
	Q2 FY18	3		Q1 FY18		Q2 FY17	_	YTD FY18		YTD FY17
Interest income and other income (expense), net	\$	3.9	\$	(3.5)	\$	(3.1)	\$	0.3	\$	(4.6)
Interest expense		(0.6)	_	(0.6)	_	(0.5)	_	(1.1)	_	(1.1)
Other income (expense), net	\$	3.3	\$	(4.1)	\$	(3.6)	\$	(0.8)	\$	(5.7)

Interest income and other income (expense), net increased from Q1 FY18 by \$7.4 million primarily due to favorable foreign currency exchange gains in the second quarter, in contrast to the losses incurred in the previous quarter, the net effect of which was \$6.9 million. In addition, we recognized gains on the sale of certain assets of \$0.6 million in Q2 FY18. Foreign currency exchange gains in the second quarter also contrasted with losses experienced in the prior year quarter, having a favorable net effect of \$5.7 million on this line item. The aforementioned gains on the sale of certain assets also contributed to the favorability of the current quarter over Q2 FY17.

On a year-to-date basis, interest income and other income (expense), net increased as a result of \$3.1 million of less unfavorable foreign currency exchange losses and the previously mentioned gains on the sale of certain assets.

#### Income Tax (Provision) Benefit

_	T	hre	e Months Ende	Six Months Ended				
	Q2 FY18		Q1 FY18	Q2 FY17		YTD FY18	_	YTD FY17
Income tax (provision) benefit S	(3.5)	\$	1.8	\$ (0.4)	\$	(1.7)	\$	(2.5)
Effective income tax rate	18.8%		(23.1)%	22.5%		6.5%		29.3%

The effective income tax rate is sensitive to the jurisdictional mix of earnings, due, in part, to the non-recognition of tax benefits on losses in jurisdictions with valuation allowances.

The effective income tax rate in Q2 FY18, compared with Q1 FY18, changed from a benefit to a provision, primarily due to the Q1 FY18 nonrecurring tax benefits (\$4.2 million) related to tax reform in the US and Taiwan, that were partially offset by an increased benefit (\$0.6 million) from the tax holiday in Taiwan. The effective income tax rate decreased in Q2 FY18, compared with Q2 FY17, primarily due to a lower percentage of income before taxes being generated in jurisdictions where the company incurs tax losses that, due to valuation allowances, did not result in the recognition of tax benefits.

The effective income tax rate decreased in YTD FY18, compared with YTD FY17, primarily due to a lower percentage of income before taxes being generated in jurisdictions where the company incurs tax loses that, due to valuation allowances, did not result in the recognition of tax benefits, and the Q1 FY18 nonrecurring tax benefits (\$4.2 million) related to tax reform in the US and Taiwan, that were partially offset by an increased benefit (\$0.6 million) from the tax holiday in Taiwan.

#### Net (Income) Loss Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests was \$4.5 million in Q2 FY18, which represented an increase of \$0.9 million and an increase of \$4.8 million from Q1 FY18 and Q2 FY17, respectively. Year-to-date, noncontrolling interests' share increased \$5.9 million from YTD FY17. The changes from all comparative periods were due to changes in net income at our IC manufacturing facility in Taiwan, in which we hold a 50.01% ownership interest.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our working capital at the end of Q2 FY18 was \$333.8 million, compared with \$367.3 million at the end of Q4 FY17. The decrease is primarily attributable to the reclassification of our \$57.5 million principal amount senior convertible notes to current status. Cash and cash equivalents increased in fiscal year 2018 by \$13.2 million from \$308.0 million at October 29, 2017. The favorable effects of foreign currency exchange rates contributed \$6.3 million to the increase. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$37.9 million in YTD FY18, compared with \$46.9 million in YTD FY17, as increased net cash consumed by operating activities exceeded increases in both net income and noncash expenses by \$9.0 million. Net cash used in investing activities was \$43.7 million in YTD FY18, an increase of \$23.8 million from the \$19.8 million used in YTD FY17. The increase was primarily attributable to increased capital expenditures of \$30.0 million; the increase attributable to higher CAPEX was partially offset by cash of \$5.4 million used to acquire a business in YTD FY17 that was not repeated in FY18. Cash flows from financing activities increased from funds used of \$0.4 million in YTD FY17 to \$12.7 million provided in YTD FY18, primarily due to the receipt of \$12.0 million from a noncontrolling interest for their investment in our recently established joint venture in China, and an increase in proceeds received from share-based arrangements of \$1.5 million.

As of April 29, 2018 and October 29, 2017, total cash and cash equivalents included \$183 million and \$190.0 million, respectively, held by our foreign subsidiaries.

Our credit facility, which expires in December 2018, has a \$50 million limit with an expansion capacity to \$75 million, and is secured by substantially all of our assets located in the United States and the common stock of certain foreign subsidiaries. The credit facility is subject to a minimum interest coverage ratio, total leverage ratio and minimum unrestricted cash balance financial covenants, all of which we were in compliance with at April 29, 2018. We had no outstanding borrowings against the credit facility at April 29, 2018, and \$50 million was available for borrowing. The interest rate on the credit facility (3.62% at April 29, 2018) is based on our total leverage ratio at LIBOR plus a spread, as defined in the credit facility.

As of April 29, 2018, we had capital commitments outstanding of approximately \$176 million. We intend to finance our capital expenditures with our working capital, cash generated from operations, and, if necessary, additional borrowings. We have entered into a joint venture that is constructing an IC facility in China with an estimated total investment of \$160 million. Our remaining funding commitment for the joint venture is approximately \$68 million, over the next several years. We have also commenced construction of an FPD facility in China, in which we will invest \$160 million over that same period. We believe that our cash on hand, cash generated from operations and amounts available to borrow will be sufficient to meet our cash requirements for the next twelve months. We regularly review the availability and terms at which we might issue additional equity or debt securities in the public or private markets. However, we cannot assure that additional sources of financing would be available to us on commercially favorable terms, should our capital requirements exceed our existing cash, cash generated by operations, and cash available under our credit facility.

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Our liquidity, as we operate in a high fixed cost environment, is highly dependent on our revenue, cash conversion cycle, and the timing of our capital expenditures (which can vary significantly from period to period). Depending on conditions in the semiconductor and FPD markets, our cash flows from operations and current holdings of cash may not be adequate to meet our current and long-term needs for capital expenditures, operations and debt repayments. Historically, in certain years, we have used external financing to fund these needs. Due to conditions in the credit markets and covenant restrictions on our existing debt, some financing instruments we have used in the past may not be available to us when required. Consequently, we cannot assure that additional sources of financing would be available to us on commercially favorable terms, should our long-term cash requirements exceed our existing cash and cash available under our credit facility.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

In January 2018, Photronics, through its wholly-owned Singapore subsidiary, and DNP, through its wholly owned subsidiary "DNP Asia Pacific PTE, Ltd." entered into a joint venture under which DNP obtained a 49.99% interest in our IC business in Xiamen, China. The joint venture, known as "Photronics DNP Mask Corporation Xiamen" ("PDMCX"), was established to develop and manufacture photomasks for leading edge and advanced generation semiconductors. Under the Joint Venture Operating Agreement of Photronics DNP Mask Corporation Xiamen ("the Agreement"), DNP is afforded, under certain circumstances, the right to put its interest in PDMCX to Photronics. These circumstances include disputes regarding the strategic direction of PDMCX that arise after the initial two year term of the Agreement that cannot be resolved between the two parties. In addition, both Photronics and DNP have the option to purchase, or put, their interest from, or to, the other party, should their ownership interest fall below 20% for a period of more than six consecutive months. Under all such circumstances, the sales of ownership interests would be at the exiting party's ownership percentage of the joint venture's net book value, with closing to take place within three business days of obtaining required approvals and clearance. Should DNP exercise an option to put their, or purchase our, interest in PDMCX we may, depending on the relationship of the fair and book value of the net assets of PDMCX, incur a loss.

We lease certain office facilities and equipment under operating leases that may require us to pay taxes, insurance and maintenance expenses related to the properties. Certain of these leases contain renewal or purchase options exercisable at the end of the lease terms.

#### **Business Outlook**

A majority of our revenue growth is expected to continue to come from the Asian region, predominantly in China. In response to this expectation, we have entered into a joint venture that will complete the construction of an IC research and development and manufacturing facility in Xiamen, China, in late 2018. Production is anticipated to begin at this facility during the first half of 2019. In addition, in August 2017, we entered into an investment agreement to construct an FPD manufacturing facility in Hefei, China. Construction of this facility commenced in Q1 FY18, and production is anticipated to begin during the first half of 2019.

We continue to assess our global manufacturing strategy and monitor our revenue and related cash flows from operations. This ongoing assessment could result in future facility closures, asset redeployments, additional impairments of intangible or long-lived assets, workforce reductions, or the addition of increased manufacturing facilities, all of which would be based on market conditions and customer requirements.

Our future results of operations and the other forward-looking statements contained in this filing involve a number of risks and uncertainties. While various risks and uncertainties were discussed in Part1, Item 1A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 29, 2017, a number of other unforeseen factors could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations.

#### **Effect of Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

See "Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 13 – Recent Accounting Pronouncements" for recent accounting pronouncements that may affect the Company's financial reporting.

#### Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

#### Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

We conduct business in several major international currencies throughout our worldwide operations, and our financial performance may be affected by fluctuations in the exchange rates of these currencies. Changes in exchange rates can positively or negatively affect our reported revenue, operating income, assets, liabilities, and equity. The functional currencies of our Asian subsidiaries are the South Korean won, the New Taiwan dollar, the Chinese renminbi and the Singapore dollar. The functional currencies of our European subsidiaries are the British pound and the euro. In addition, we have transactions and balances in Japanese yen.

We attempt to minimize our risk of foreign currency transaction losses by producing products in the same country in which the products are sold (thereby generating revenues and incurring expenses in the same currency), and by managing our working capital. However, in some instances, we sell products in a currency other than the functional currency of the country where it was produced, or purchase products in a currency that differs from the functional currency of the purchasing manufacturing facility. There can be no assurance that this approach will protect us from the need to recognize significant foreign currency transaction gains and losses, especially in the event of a significant adverse movement in the value of any foreign currency in which we conduct business against any of our functional currencies, including the U.S. dollar.

As of April 29, 2018, a 10% adverse movement in the value of currencies different than the functional currencies of our subsidiaries would have resulted in a net unrealized pre-tax loss of \$7.1 million, which represents a decrease of \$8.9 million and \$5.9 million from April 29, 2018 and October 29, 2017, respectively. The decrease in foreign currency exchange rate risk from both comparative balance sheet dates is primarily the result of decreased exposures to U.S. dollar and Japanese yen denominated exposures in Taiwan, and decreased exposure to U.S. dollar denominated exposures in China.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

At April 29, 2018, we did not have any variable rate borrowings. A 10% change in interest rates would not have had a material effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in the three month period ended April 29, 2018.

#### Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We have established and currently maintain disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in its reports filed under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

Our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level as of the end of the period covered by this report.

#### **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the second quarter of fiscal year 2018 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

The General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), which went into effect in the European Union (EU) on May 25, 2018, applies to the collection, use, retention, security, processing, and transfer of personally identifiable information about residents of EU countries. The GDPR created a range of new compliance obligations, and imposes significant fines and sanctions for violations. It is possible that the GDPR may be interpreted or applied in a manner that is adverse to us, unforeseen by us, or otherwise inconsistent with our practices or that we may otherwise fail to construe its requirements in ways that are satisfactory to the EU authorities.

Any failure, or perceived failure, by us to comply with the GDPR or with any applicable regulatory requirements or orders, including but not limited to privacy, data protection, information security, or consumer protection-related privacy laws and regulations in one or more jurisdictions within the EU or elsewhere, could result in proceedings or actions against us by governmental entities or individuals, subject us to significant fines, penalties, and/or judgments, require us to change our business practices; limit access to our products and services in certain countries, or otherwise adversely affect our business, as we would be at risk to lose both customers and revenue, and incur substantial costs.

There have been no other material changes to risks relating to our business as disclosed in Part 1, Item 1A of our Form 10-K for the year ended October 29, 2017.

#### Item 6. EXHIBITS

-	(a)	) Exhibits
- 1	a	) EAIIIUIIS

(a)	EXHIBITS	
	Exhibit Number	Description
	<u>10.33</u>	Amendment No.3 Dated as of April 26, 2018 to Third Amended and Restricted Credit Agreement Dated as of December 5, 2013
	31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
	<u>31.2</u>	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
	<u>32.1</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
	<u>32.2</u>	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
	101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
	101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
	101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
	101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
	101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
	101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
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#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Photronics, Inc. (Registrant)

By: /s/ JOHN P. JORDAN

JOHN P. JORDAN
Senior Vice President
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer/
Principal Financial Officer)

Date: June 5, 2018

#### AMENDMENT NO. 3

Dated as of April 26, 2018

to

#### THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AGREEMENT

Dated as of December 5, 2013

THIS AMENDMENT NO. 3 ("<u>Amendment</u>") is made as of April 26, 2018 by and among Photronics, Inc. (the "<u>Company</u>"), the financial institutions listed on the signature pages hereof and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent (in such capacity, the "<u>Administrative Agent</u>") and as Collateral Agent (in such capacity, the "<u>Collateral Agent</u>"), under that certain Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of December 5, 2013 by and among the Company, the Foreign Subsidiary Borrowers party thereto from time to time, the Lenders party thereto from time to time, the Collateral Agent and the Administrative Agent (as may be further amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "<u>Credit Agreement</u>"). Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined herein shall have the respective meanings given to them in the Credit Agreement.

WHEREAS, the Company has requested that the Lenders and the Administrative Agent agree to certain amendments to the Credit Agreement;

WHEREAS, the Lenders party hereto and the Administrative Agent have agreed to such amendments on the terms and conditions set forth herein;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises set forth above, the terms and conditions contained herein, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Company, the Lenders party hereto and the Administrative Agent have agreed to enter into this Amendment.

- 1. <u>Amendments to Credit Agreement</u>. Effective as of the date of satisfaction of the conditions precedent set forth in <u>Section 2</u> below, the Credit Agreement is hereby amended as follows:
- (a) Section 1.01 of the Credit Agreement is amended to add the following new definition thereto in the appropriate alphabetical order and replace the corresponding previously existing definition:

""Specified Capital Expenditures" means, solely for purposes of calculating the Interest Coverage Ratio for each period of four (4) consecutive fiscal quarters ending on or about April 30, 2018, July 31, 2018, and October 31, 2018, Capital Expenditures made by or on behalf of the PRC Subsidiaries."

(b) Section 6.11(a) of the Credit Agreement is amended to add "less (with respect to the fiscal quarters ending April 30, 2018, July 31, 2018, and October 31, 2018) that portion of Consolidated EBITDA that is attributable to the PRC Subsidiaries" immediately after the reference to "Consolidated EBITDA" appearing therein.

2. <u>Conditions of Effectiveness</u> . The effectiveness of this Amendment is subject to the conditions precedent that (a) the
Administrative Agent shall have received counterparts of (i) this Amendment duly executed by the Company, the Required Lenders and the Administrative
Agent and (ii) the Consent and Reaffirmation attached hereto duly executed by the Subsidiary Guarantors, (b) the Company shall have paid to the
Administrative Agent, for the account of each Lender that executes and delivers its signature page hereto by such time as is requested by the Administrative
Agent, an amendment fee equal to \$5,000 for each such Lender and (c) the Company shall have paid all of the fees of the Administrative Agent and its
affiliates (including, to the extent invoiced, reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses of the Administrative Agent) in connection with this Amendment and the
other Loan Documents.

- 3. Representations and Warranties of the Company and Acknowledgements and Confirmations. The Company hereby represents and warrants as follows:
- (a) This Amendment and the Credit Agreement, as amended hereby, constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the Company and are enforceable against the Company in accordance with their terms, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other laws affecting creditors' rights generally and subject to general principles of equity, regardless of whether considered in a proceeding in equity or at law.
- (b) As of the date hereof and giving effect to the terms of this Amendment, (i) no Default shall have occurred and be continuing and (ii) the representations and warranties of the Company set forth in the Credit Agreement, as amended hereby, are true and correct as of the date hereof.
  - 4. Reference to and Effect on the Credit Agreement.
- (a) Upon the effectiveness hereof, each reference to the Credit Agreement in the Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document shall mean and be a reference to the Credit Agreement as amended hereby.
- (b) Except as specifically amended above, the Credit Agreement and all other documents, instruments and agreements executed and/or delivered in connection therewith shall remain in full force and effect and are hereby ratified and confirmed.
- (c) The execution, delivery and effectiveness of this Amendment shall not operate as a waiver of any right, power or remedy of the Administrative Agent or the Lenders, nor constitute a waiver of any provision of the Credit Agreement or any other documents, instruments and agreements executed and/or delivered in connection therewith.
  - (d) This Amendment shall constitute a Loan Document.
  - 5. <u>Governing Law.</u> This Amendment shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the law of the State of New York.
- 6. <u>Headings</u>. Section headings in this Amendment are included herein for convenience of reference only and shall not constitute a part of this Amendment for any other purpose.

	7.	Counterparts.	This Amendment may	be executed by one or	more of the	parties hereto on any	number of separate	e counterparts, and
all of said coun	iterparts tal	ken together sh	all be deemed to consti	tute one and the same	instrument.	Signatures delivere	d by facsimile or P	DF shall have the
same force and	effect as m	anual signature	s delivered in person.					

[Signature Pages Follow]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Amendment has been duly executed as of the day and year first above written.

PHOTRONICS, INC.,

as the Company

By:

Name:
Title:

Signature Page to Amendment No. 3
Photronics, Inc.
Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of December 5, 2013

 $\label{eq:JPMORGAN} \ensuremath{\mathsf{JPMORGAN}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{CHASE}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{BANK}}\xspace, \ensuremath{\mathsf{N.A.}}\xspace, \ensuremath{\mathsf{individually}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{as}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{a}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{chase}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{a}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{chase}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{a}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{chase}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{chase}}\xspace$ 

By:			
Name:			
Title:			

Signature Page to Amendment No. 3
Photronics, Inc.
Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of December 5, 2013

as a Lender By: Name:

RBS CITIZENS, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION,

Signature Page to Amendment No. 3
Photronics, Inc.
Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of December 5, 2013

Title:

By:\_\_ Name: Title:

Signature Page to Amendment No. 3
Photronics, Inc.
Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of December 5, 2013

TD BANK, N.A., as a Lender

#### CONSENT AND REAFFIRMATION

Each of the undersigned hereby acknowledges receipt of a copy of the foregoing Amendment No. 3 to the Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of December 5, 2013 (as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Credit Agreement") by and among Photronics, Inc. (the "Company"), the Foreign Subsidiary Borrowers from time to time party thereto (together with the Company, the "Borrowers"), the financial institutions from time to time party thereto (the "Lenders") and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent (the "Administrative Agent") and Collateral Agent, which Amendment No. 3 is dated as of April 26, 2018 (the "Amendment"). Capitalized terms used in this Consent and Reaffirmation and not defined herein shall have the meanings given to them in the Credit Agreement. Without in any way establishing a course of dealing by the Administrative Agent or any Lender, each of the undersigned consents to the Amendment and reaffirms the terms and conditions of the Subsidiary Guaranty and any other Loan Document executed by it and acknowledges and agrees that such agreements and each and every such Loan Document executed by the undersigned in connection with the Credit Agreement remains in full force and effect and is hereby reaffirmed, ratified and confirmed. All references to the Credit Agreement contained in the above-referenced documents shall be a reference to the Credit Agreement as so modified by the Amendment and as the same may from time to time hereafter be amended, modified or restated.

Dated: April 26, 2018

[Signature Page Follows]

By:
Name:
Title:
TRIANJA TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
By:
Name:
Title:
PHOTRONICS TEXAS ALLEN, INC.
_
Ву:
Name:
Title:
PHOTRONICS CALIFORNIA, INC.
By:
Name:
Title:

PHOTRONICS IDAHO, INC.

Signature Page to Consent and Reaffirmation to Signature Page to Amendment No. 3
Photronics, Inc.

Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of December 5, 2013

#### **EXHIBIT 31.1**

#### I, Peter S. Kirlin, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Photronics, Inc.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report.
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report.
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

#### /s/ PETER S. KIRLIN

Peter S. Kirlin Chief Executive Officer June 5, 2018

#### **EXHIBIT 31.2**

#### I, John P. Jordan, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Photronics, Inc.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report.
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report.
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

#### /s/ JOHN P. JORDAN

John P. Jordan Chief Financial Officer June 5, 2018

#### **EXHIBIT 32.1**

#### Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer

- I, Peter S. Kirlin, Chief Executive Officer of Photronics, Inc. (the "Company"), certify, to my knowledge, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:
- (1) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended April 29, 2018 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

The foregoing certification is being furnished pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350 and will not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section. Such certification will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates it by reference.

#### /s/ PETER S. KIRLIN

Peter S. Kirlin Chief Executive Officer June 5, 2018

#### **EXHIBIT 32.2**

#### Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer

I, John P. Jordan, Chief Financial Officer of Photronics, Inc. (the "Company"), certify, to my knowledge, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:

- (1) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended April 29, 2018 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

The foregoing certification is being furnished pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350 and will not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section. Such certification will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates it by reference.

/s/ JOHN P. JORDAN

John P. Jordan Chief Financial Officer June 5, 2018